BANDIRMA ONYEDİ EYLÜL ÜNİVERSİTESİ YABANCI DİLLER YÜKSEKOKULU ÖRNEK MUAFİYET SINAVI 2

ÖRNEK MUAFİYET SINAVI 2			a)	a) disappointed c) disappointment			
		(İİBF Için)	b)				
	e the best answe						
1. How	do you	your friends at school?	13. Nearly all kinds of birds to South Africa				
a)	go back	c) go out with d) get on with		winter.			
b)	grow up	d) get on with		migrate	c) migrant		
		smoking. It is dangerous for	D)	immigrant	d) immigration		
•	health.						
	give up				port and export levels, we can		
b)	give out	d) break up			country		
					c) developing		
3. Alice is very upset nowadays. She has just with her boyfriend.			b)	development	d) developer		
a)	broken up	c) broken down					
b)	taken up	d) fallen out	15. He o I like		s. He's a/ an		
4. Jane	is a verv	student. She always			c) author		
		marks in exams.	b)	architect worker	d) plumber		
) generous		-/		, F		
	ambitious	d) lazy					
0,	, amonous	<i>a)</i> 142 <i>y</i>	For 16th	h -19th choose th	he <u>similar</u> meaning of the		
				ned words.	te sinual meaning of the		
5 The	of	Istanbul is about 15 million.	16. Ann's bedroom is really untidy again!				
	pollution			tidy c) wea			
		d) population		messy d) nea			
			17. I'm	really fed up wi	th this lesson.		
		businessman who has	a)	amazed	c) bored		
		different parts of the world.	b)	annoyed	d) surprised		
a)) satisfied	c) qualified					
b)) successful	d) traditional			room for two, please."		
				reserve			
			b)	find	d) look		
		s to bring our books with us. Don't					
	them at hom				s a very <u>wealthy</u> woman. When		
	stay		she	died in 1916 she	e left her children \$100 million.		
b)	leave	d) take	a)	poor	c) mean		
			b)	rich	d) legendary		
8. Hi! (George. Jack is	a shower at the moment.					
I'll jı	ust go and tell h	im you're here.	For 20	th -23 rd Choose t	the <u>opposite</u> meaning of the		
a)	coming	c) going	underli	underlined words.			
b)	having	d) doing					
			20. Geo	rge doesn't earn	much money, but he's so kind,		
9. Ther	e can be	in everybody's life.	isn	't he? He is one	of the most generous people I		
A ric	ch person can be	e very poor or a poor can be the	kno	ow.			
riche	est person in the	world.	a)	mean	c) polite		
	ups and down		b)	poor	d) rich		
b) do's and don'ts			•				
	now and then		21. Was	sn't that film wo	nderful! Yes, it was brilliant .		
d)	yes and no			perfect	c) amazing		
,	,			exciting	d) horrible		
10. I us	sed to speak Ger	man, but I can't speak it	,	C	,		
well now.			22. "I'n	n really optimist	tic about the future. I think		
	carefully	c) seriously			ine in the future."		
	fluently	d) exactly		sarcastic	c) pessimistic		
-/	,	•	,	diagnostic	d) realistic		
11. A:	Wow, Jane! Wh	at are you doing?	-/	<i>5</i>	,		
	here?	<i>Q</i> .	23. Nev	v York is a really	y dangerous city with lots of		
B: W		to see me?		ne everyday.	, <u>— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —</u>		
a)	surprised	c) surprise	a)	safe	c) public		
b)	surprising	d) surprisingly		risky	d) available		

12. It has been a year for the car company.

Choose the best option that completes the alatogues with	31. 1 ourist : Excuse me. How far is it to the nearest			
the best reply.	exchange office?			
24. A: Hi, Jim! How are you?	Passer-by:			
B : Fine, thanks	Tourist : I'd better take a taxi then.			
A: Oh, not so bad.				
	a) Oh, It's just round the corner, opposite the			
a) How is this?	department store.			
b) And you?	b) I'm sorry, it's but I really have no idea. Why not			
c) Is it sunny?	ask that taxi driver.			
d) How do you do?	c) I'm afraid it's right on the other side of town.			
d) How do you do.	d) Well, there's one of five minutes walk away, but			
25. A: Would you like to go out	it's closed for lunch.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	it's closed for fullen.			
tonight?	22 Dw Dollook			
B : I'd rather not. I've got to study for my exam.	32. Dr. Pollock:			
A:	George: My left ear is bothering me.			
a) Why not?	Dr. Pollock : Is the pain there all of the			
b) What about eating?	time or just some of the time.			
c) You can't do this!	George: It's pretty steady.			
d) Maybe, another time.	a) What's the matter with you?			
	b) Can you pay the charge?			
	c) I'm sorry, I'm too busy.			
26. Clerk : What's your surname?	d) What are you up to?			
Man: Johnson.	a) What are you up to:			
Clerk: Sorry,?	33. It was night that they decided to slee			
Man: J-O-H-N-S-O-N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	outdoors.			
Clerk: All right.	a) such hot c) so hot			
	b) such a hot d) so a hot			
a) Can you pronounce it, please?				
b) Can you spell it, please?	34. It is very noisy here. Suzy to rock music.			
c) Can you repeat it, please?	a) listens c) has listened			
d) What's your family name?	b) is listening d) listened			
27. Jane :?	35. I'm no t hungry. Ibreakfast.			
Tom : I'd love to, but I'm busy.	a) was having			
•	b) have			
a) Would you like to come to my party?	c) have had			
b) Do you like dancing?	d) will have			
c) What do you like doing?	a) will have			
d) Would you mind dancing?	36.The wheeloff while my fatherhis car.			
d) Would you mind dancing:	30. The wheelon while my latticeins car.			
28. Assistant : Good morning.	a) came/ was driving			
Customer: I'd like this book?	,			
	b)came/ is driving			
Assistant: It's \$ 5.40.	c) came/has been driving			
a) How is it?	d)comes/ drives			
b) Is it cheap or expensive?				
c) How much is it?	37. Teacher :			
d) How many are there?	Student: This is great. Then I can wear what I want.			
	This is a wonderful school.			
29. Receptionist : Cathy speaking. How can	a) You have to wear a uniform.			
I help you?	b) You can't wear a tie and a jacket!			
Client :	c) You don't have to wear a school uniform.			
Receptionist: Certainly .When is it for?	d) You must wear a tie, a jacket and black trousers.			
Receptionist. Certainty . When is it for:	d) Tou must wear a tie, a jacket and black flousers.			
a) I'd like to make a reservation, please.				
	20. The macroman of executive 0 mm			
b) I'd like to check out, please.	38. The programme			
c) I have already booked a room.	a) ended c) has ended			
d) There is a problem with the TV in my room.	b) was ending d) end			
20 A. Thoulesson on more lateral states				
30. A: Thank you so much for helping.	20 0.4			
B:	39. Cats very well in the dark.			
a) Yes, I can help you.	a) sees c) seeing			
b) Same to you	b) are seeing d) see			
c) Nothing much.				
d) Not at all. Don't mention it.				

40. I'm sorry. I'm not very good cooking.			55. He said that he the letter yesterday.			
	a) at	c) with	a) post c) will post			
	b) on	d) in	b) can post d) has posted			
41.	Are you going to Ca	thy's party next week?	56. Lisa has been learning English two years.			
	a) on	c) with	a) since c) for			
	b) in	d) -	b) from d) about			
42.]	Don't let out.	touch my computer while I'm	57. Louise works in shop in New York, but I don't know its name.			
	a) nobody	c) anybody	a) the c) that			
	b) somebody	d) everybody	b) – d) a			
43. Susan wants a rich businesswoman in the future.			58. You any money left if you buy that suit. a) don't have			
	a) to be	c) being	b) aren't having			
	b) be	d) been	c) won't have			
			d) shouldn't have			
44.	What sort of films de		Read the texts and answer the questions.			
		c) watching	Text-1: Istanbul - an old city			
	b) have watched	d d) watched	Istanbul is beautiful to look at and great fun. It is noisy, with many people shouting as they sell things in the			
45.	They 1	ive in Prague.	streets. Istanbul people love flowers and are very friendly			
	a) use	c) are using	towards visitors.			
	b) used to	d) use to	Istanbul is a place full of contrasts, a mixture of old and new. There are lovely, quiet palaces and museums but			
46.	He's your brother	,?	there's a lot of noise inside the famous Covered Bazaar and			
	a) don't you	c) does he	in the tiny, crowded, busy alleys such as Flower Sellers'			
	b) is he		Alley.			
	,	,	The rush-hour traffic can be terrifying. Like so many			
47.	If you lose your bag	y, youbuy another one.	modern cities, Istanbul is much polluted and has a lot of			
	a) will		traffic problems. It is certainly a dirty city, but beautiful at			
	b) would	d) could	the same time. When you look across the bridge to old			
48. That book in 2001.			Stamboul, you see an extraordinary skyline with mosques			
48.			and minarets, and you know you are standing, in fact, at			
	a) is written	c) wrote	the doorway to Asia. Things are happening, and the			
	b) was written	d) has been written	atmosphere is very exciting. It seems that when you visit this city, you can't forget it!			
49.	We drove 300 kilom	etres without	<i>3,1</i>			
	a) stop	c) to stop	59. Visitors think Istanbul people			
	b) stopped	d) stopping	a) make problems for visitors			
	, 11	, 11 0	b) help visitors			
50.	This is the book	on the course.	c) drive fast			
		c) which we used it	d) eat in streets			
	,	se d) that we used it	,			
	,	,	60. According to the passage,shout when they			
51. John didn't have a pen, so I let			sell things.			
	a) him to borrow	,	a) people in the streets			
	b) him borrow		b) people in the shops			
	c) that he borrowe	rd.	c) the visitors			
	d) him borrowing		d) people selling flowers			
	d) min corrowing		d) people sening nowers			
		to the party last night?	61. Stamboul is probably			
	a) did go	c) went d) they did go	a) the name for Istanbul in the past			
	b) did they go	a) mey ara go	b) an old city near Istanbul			
5 2 1	II.:.	alasan in the territ	c) a very interesting place in Asia			
		player in the team.	d) the most beautiful part of Istanbul			
	· ·	c) the better	(2) The section of th			
	b) best	d) better	62. The writer of this passageIstanbul.			
~ . ·	1171 A.S.	1	a) misses c) likes			
		here, we'll go out.	b) hates d) lives in			
	a) will get	c) is getting				
	b) get	d) gets				

Text-2:

Torquay? But I said Turkey!

Kumiko Tsuchida is a Japanese professor and she works at Istanbul University. She had a good time, and after a few days she packed her suitcase, checked out of the hotel, and set off to catch her flight back to Istanbul.

At Paddington station she couldn't find the train to the airport, so she asked a railway guard. Mrs Tsuchida doesn't speak very much English, and when she said 'Turkey', the guard thought that she said 'Torquay', a seaside town in southwest England. So he directed her to the platform for the 8.15 train to Torquay.

Mrs Tscuhida got on the train and found a seat. The journey seemed very long, but when she asked the other passengers 'Turkey?' they all said yes, she was on the right train for Torquay.

She arrived in the seaside town just after midnight, but when she got off the train, she didn't recognize anything. She didn't know where she was. She didn't have any English money and she was very frightened.

Two hours later, the police found her. They provided a bed for her for the night and the next morning they phoned the Japanese Embassy. The embassy sorted out the problem. Then Mrs Tsuchida got the train back to London, took a taxi to Heathrow airport, and caught another flight to Istanbul.

Before she left, she spoke to our reporter through an interpreter, 'I said Turkey, Turkey', but people didn't understand my pronunciation and they thought I said 'Torquay'. But I enjoyed my visit and English people are very helpful and kind.'

- 63. Mrs Tsuchida asked a railway guard the way
 - a) and he told her how to go to Paddington.
 - b) because she wanted to go to Torquay for a short holiday.
 - c) so she found her way.
 - d) but he misunderstood her because of her bad English.
- 64. The railway guard directed her to the platform for the 8:15 train and she got on the train. Then she noticed that.....
 - a) the journey was too short.
 - b) there was something unusual.
 - c) it was very crowded.
 - d) there were some passengers to Turkey.
- 65. After she got off the train, she was frightened because.....
 - a) it was after midnight.
 - b) she had no idea about where she was.
 - c) there was nobody except her.
 - d) it was very dark and there was no hotel to stay in.
- 66. The following day,.....
 - a) the police found and helped her.
 - b) she flew to Turkey.
 - c) she phoned the police and told them the story.
 - the police helped her but the Japanese Embassy didn't listen to her

Text-3:

A STUDENT BUDGET

College gives people the chance to learn and make friendships that will last a lifetime. Many people in North America begin college at the age of 18. Many students go to school and work part-time to help pay for their education.

In the US, the cost of a college education can be quite expensive. Undergraduate education at a public university can cost between \$2,000 and \$10,000 a year. That amount rises to between \$14,000 and \$24,000 a year at a private university. Students must also pay for textbooks and stationery. These can cost \$500 to \$800 per year. Students who live in campus housing pay between \$3,500 and \$9,000 per year for room and board. Add money for clothes, travel and other personal expenses, and one year at a university can cost as much as \$35,000!

Students need to spend their money carefully. At Eastern Michigan University, advisors help students to plan and stick to a budget. They suggest this: At the start of a school semester, write down your income, for example, money you will get from your family or a part-time job. Then, list all of your expenses. Put your expenses into two groups: those that change (food, phone, books, and travel) and those that will stay the same (education, room and board). Add together all of your expenses. Then, subtract these from your income. Do you have enough money or do you need more?

Learning to stick a budget is not always easy. But for many, it is easier than borrowing money from family or friends in the middle of a semester.

- 67. Many students in North America to help pay for their college education.
 - a) work part-time
 - b) borrow from school
 - c) borrow from a bank
 - d) ask their friends
- 68. Education at a private university in the United States is
 - a) between \$2,000 and \$10,000 a year
 - b) more expensive than anywhere in the world
 - c) cheaper than a public university
 - d) more expensive than a public university
- 69. The reading passage says that students must pay for education and
 - a) stationery, cars, and private expenses
 - b) dating, movies, and parties
 - c) textbooks, housing, and clothing
 - d) visiting other universities
- 70. Students attending a university should plan and it.
 - a) for a job / enjoy
 - b) a budget / follow
 - c) an itinerary / follow
 - d) to borrow money / spend ©BANYDYO, 2018